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The official announcement of plague was made in this day's official newspaper, and in other local papers, date July 13 and July 26, 1902.

Respectfully,

THOS. E. HEENAN,
United States Consul.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AFRICA—*Sierra Leone*.—Weeks ended July 4 and July 18, 1902. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 32. No contagious diseases.

BRITISH GUIANA—*Demerara—Georgetown*.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 36,567. Total number of deaths, 172, including 40 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Roubaix*.—Month of July, 1902. Estimated population, 124,660. Total number of deaths, 197, including diphtheria, 2; measles, 5; scarlet fever, 1, and 4 from whooping cough.

GERMANY—*Weimar*.—Month of July, 1902. Estimated population, 29,116. Total number of deaths, 39, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 1, and 1 from measles.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended August 2, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 14.1 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 14,862,456.

London.—One thousand one hundred and sixty-four deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 25; scarlet fever, 9; diphtheria, 29; whooping cough, 25; enteric fever, 17; smallpox, 7, and diarrhea and dysentery, 69. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 13.3 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,534 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 8 from diphtheria, 2 from measles, 1 from smallpox, and 3 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended August 2, 1902, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 18.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,092,643. The lowest rate was recorded in Portadown, viz, 0.0, and the highest in Newtownards, viz, 40.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 165 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 2; scarlet fever, 2; typhus fever, 1; whooping cough, 2, and 23 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended August 2, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 16.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,679,923. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 9.9, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 18.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 535, including diphtheria, 4; measles, 12; scarlet fever, 3, and 7 from whooping cough.

ITALY—*Milan*.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 512,115. Total number of deaths, 794, including diphtheria, 6; enteric fever, 11; measles, 14; smallpox, 3, and 54 from tuberculosis.

JAPAN—*Formosa*.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 2,797,543. Total number of deaths not reported. Two deaths from diphtheria, 2 from typhus fever, 4 from smallpox, 4 from cholera, and 555 from plague reported.

Nagasaki.—Ten days ended July 20, 1902. Estimated population, 131,700. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria, 1 from enteric fever, and 9 deaths from cholera reported.

JAVA—*Batavia*.—Two weeks ended July 5, 1902. Estimated population, 150,000. Number of deaths not reported. Sixty-eight deaths from cholera reported.

MALTA.—Two weeks ended July 26, 1902. Estimated population, 189,749. Total number of deaths, 220, including diphtheria, 2, and 1 from enteric fever.

ST. HELENA.—Two weeks ended July 20, 1902. Estimated population, including Boer prisoners and soldiers, 3,342. Total number of deaths, 9, including enteric fever, 2, and 1 from tuberculosis.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—*Manila*.—Month of May, 1902. Population, 302,154. Total number of deaths, 1,688, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 13; smallpox, 5; cholera, 445, and 108 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Corunna*.—Month of July, 1902. Estimated population, 44,000. Total number of deaths, 83, including enteric fever, 1; smallpox, 1, and 17 from tuberculosis.

Malaga.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 130,109. Total number of deaths, 404, including enteric fever, 7, and 14 from smallpox.

Valencia.—Two weeks ended July 31, 1902. Estimated population, 204,000. Total number of deaths, 219, including enteric fever, 3, and 1 from smallpox.

Vigo.—Month of July, 1902. Estimated population, 22,000. Total number of deaths, 38, including 1 from enteric fever.